SENATE BILL 690

C5 1lr2589

By: Senator Middleton

Introduced and read first time: February 4, 2011

Assigned to: Finance

AN ACT concerning

1

A BILL ENTITLED

2 Renewable Energy Portfolio - Waste-to-Energy

- 3 FOR the purpose of expanding the definition of a Tier 1 renewable source to include
- waste-to-energy; altering the definition of a Tier 2 renewable source to exclude
- 5 waste-to-energy; and generally relating to waste-to-energy and Tier 1
- 6 renewable sources applied to the renewable energy portfolio standard.
- 7 BY repealing and reenacting, with amendments,
- 8 Article Public Utilities
- 9 Section 7–701(l) and (m)
- 10 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 11 (2010 Replacement Volume)
- 12 BY repealing and reenacting, without amendments,
- 13 Article Public Utilities
- 14 Section 7–703(b)(6) through (17)
- 15 Annotated Code of Maryland
- 16 (2010 Replacement Volume)
- 17 SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF
- 18 MARYLAND, That the Laws of Maryland read as follows:
- 19 Article Public Utilities
- $20 \quad 7-701.$
- 21 (l) "Tier 1 renewable source" means one or more of the following types of
- 22 energy sources:
- 23 (1) solar;



1		(2)	wind;
2		(3)	qualifying biomass;
3 4	(4) methane from the anaerobic decomposition of organic materials is a landfill or wastewater treatment plant;		
5		(5)	geothermal;
6 7	differences;	(6)	ocean, including energy from waves, tides, currents, and thermal
8	under item	(7) (3) or (a fuel cell that produces electricity from a Tier 1 renewable source (4) of this subsection;
10 11 12	(8) a small hydroelectric power plant of less than 30 megawatts in capacity that is licensed or exempt from licensing by the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission; [and]		
13		(9)	poultry litter-to-energy; AND
4		(10)	WASTE-TO-ENERGY.
15 16	(m) "Tier 2 renewable source" means [one or more of the following types energy sources:		
L 7		(1)]	hydroelectric power other than pump storage generation[; and
18		(2)	waste-to-energy].
19	7–703.		
20	(b)	The r	renewable energy portfolio standard shall be as follows:
21 22	0.05% deriv	(6) red from	in 2011, 5.0% from Tier 1 renewable sources, including at least m solar energy, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources;
23 24	0.1% derive	(7) d from	in 2012, 6.5% from Tier 1 renewable sources, including at least solar energy, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources;
25 26	0.2% derive	(8) d from	in 2013, 8.2% from Tier 1 renewable sources, including at least solar energy, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources;
27 28	0.3% derive	(9) d from	in 2014, 10.3% from Tier 1 renewable sources, including at least solar energy, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources:

- 1 (10) in 2015, 10.5% from Tier 1 renewable sources, including at least 2 0.4% derived from solar energy, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources;
- 3 (11) in 2016, 12.7% from Tier 1 renewable sources, including at least 4 0.5% derived from solar energy, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources;
- 5 (12) in 2017, 13.1% from Tier 1 renewable sources, including at least 6 0.55% derived from solar energy, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources;
- 7 (13) in 2018, 15.8% from Tier 1 renewable sources, including at least 8 0.9% derived from solar energy, and 2.5% from Tier 2 renewable sources;
- 9 (14) in 2019, 17.4% from Tier 1 renewable sources, including at least 10 1.2% derived from solar energy, and 0% from Tier 2 renewable sources;
- 11 (15) in 2020, 18% from Tier 1 renewable sources, including at least 12 1.5% derived from solar energy, and 0% from Tier 2 renewable sources;
- 13 (16) in 2021, 18.7% from Tier 1 renewable sources, including at least 1.85% derived from solar energy, and 0% from Tier 2 renewable sources; and
- 15 (17) in 2022 and later, 20% from Tier 1 renewable sources, including at least 2% derived from solar energy, and 0% from Tier 2 renewable sources.
- SECTION 2. AND BE IT FURTHER ENACTED, That this Act shall take effect October 1, 2011.